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4–07,
 1 (К) 6–82 °. 0,020
 Al_2O_3 , $AlCaO$ (Al_2O_3, Fe_3O_4, CaO . $AlCaO$:
 (18,3 29,6 %).

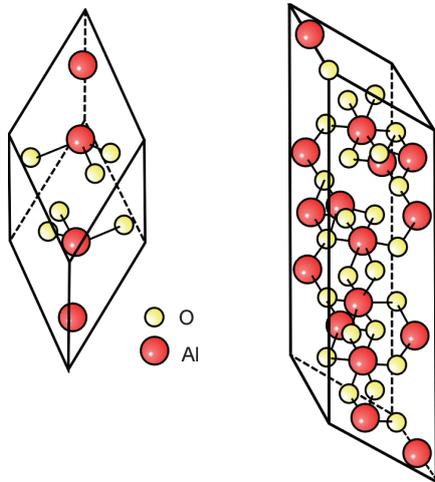
Введение

[1, 2]

[3].

1100–1300 °

[4–15]:



- 1) $\text{CaO} + \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{CaO} \cdot \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \text{ (CA)}$;
- 2) $\text{CaO} + \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + 2\text{CaO} \rightarrow 3\text{CaO} \cdot \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \text{ (C}_3\text{A)}$;
- 3) $2\text{CaO} \cdot \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{CaO} \cdot \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{CaO} \rightarrow 4\text{CaO} \cdot \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 \text{ (C}_4\text{AF)}$;
- 4) $\text{CaO} + 2\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{CaO} \cdot 2\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \text{ (CA}_2\text{)}$;
- 5) $\text{CaO} + 6\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{CaO} \cdot 6\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \text{ (CA}_6\text{)}$.

CA, CA₂, 5 3, 3 , 6, 12 7, -

4 F

1 [16].

10- 40-
 $\alpha\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$
 $\gamma\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$ [19]

11

Al₂O₃,

8

: , , , χ , , , , [16].

- , - , $\chi\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$ -Al₂O₃

[17]

: Al₂O₃·nH₂O, 0 < n < 0,6.

Таблица 1. Содержание примесей оксидов в алюминатах кальция, %

		4 F
Na ₂ O	1,0	0,1
MgO	1,4	3,0
SiO ₂	3,7	3,6
NiO ₂	0,2	1,6
Ma ₂ O ₃	-	0,7
Fe ₂ O ₃	5,1	21,4

$\alpha\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ()

$\alpha = 55,3^\circ$
 18].

$R\bar{3}c$ ()
 $a = 0,4884$ = 1,2849)
 (-Al₂O₃)

$\alpha\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$

$a = 0,5128$

10 (. 1a) [17].

0,1866

0,1983 .

$\gamma\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$.
 $\gamma\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$ (. 16) [19].

[20].

Al₂O₃
 $\gamma\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$

40-

$\gamma\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$

16 [19].

$I41/amd$

$c = 1,6778$, $\alpha = 59,79^\circ$, $\beta = 55,24^\circ$, $\gamma = 59,67^\circ$.

: $a = 0,5647$, $b = 0,5612$,

1 - $\gamma\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$

1. $-\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 -$ (1000–1300 °)

« () , »

$-\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ()

3d- $-\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ $[\text{AlO}_6]^{-9}$ [21].

()

3CaO·Al₂O₃·6H₂O (C₃AH₆); CaO·Al₂O₃·10H₂O (CAH₁₀); 2CaO·Al₂O₃·8H₂O (C₂AH₈); 4CaO·Al₂O₃·H₂O (C₄AH , =13–19 H₂O) [15].

25 ° 1 65 %, 3 – 75 %, 7 – 78 %, 28 86–100 % [16].

Al(OH)₃. 2 [16].

Таблица 2. Устойчивость гидроксо- и аквакомплексов алюминия в зависимости от водородного показателя

<i>l</i>	Al^{3+}	-
1	$\text{Al}^{3+} + 6\text{H}_2\text{O} \quad [\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$	2–6
2	$[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+} \quad [\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5\text{OH}]^{2+} + \text{H}^+$	4–7
3	$[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5\text{OH}]^{2+} + \text{OH}^- \quad [\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4(\text{OH})_2]^+ + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	5–7
4	$[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4(\text{OH})_2]^+ + \text{OH}^- \quad [\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3(\text{OH})_3] + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	6–10
5	$[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3(\text{OH})_3] + \text{OH}^- \quad \text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{OH})_4] + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	8–14

2, - = 6–10 Al^{3+}

Al(OH)₃.

(. 3) [16].

Таблица 3. Прочность на сжатие в системе «клинкерный минерал – вода» в зависимости от времени вылеживания

<i>l</i>		$l/\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$				
			24	72	168	672
1	3	3	12	10	6	2
2	12 7	1,7	35	12	36	31
3		1	50	60	75	80
4	2	0,5	10	32	65	135

3 , 2 , 3 -

672 . (28) $l/\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$

Al_2O_3

() () /

Al₂O₃, [22], Al₂O₃ [14]
 4 F

CA, [4].

[4, 13, 14].

1. Методика эксперимента

4-07, CA
 1 (K_α) 6-82 ° - 0,02 °
 CA Trial Match.
 FOM (Figure of Merrit) [14].

COD [23].

Match Ca(OH); Al-O;
 CaO; Al-Ca-O; Fe-O; Ca; Ca-Fe; Mayenite. FOM.
 2

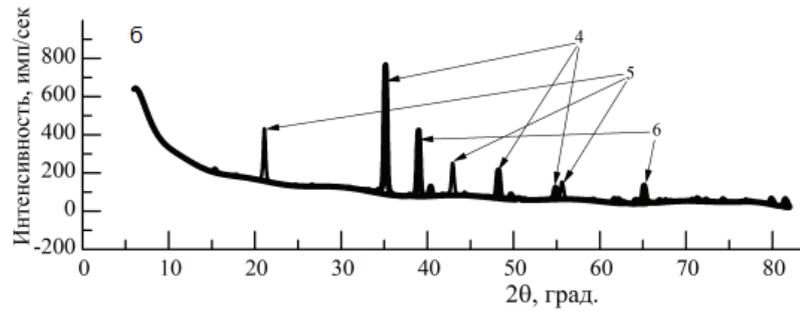
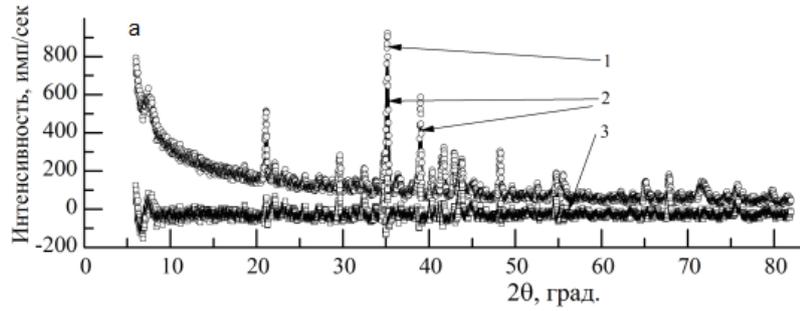
(1)

$$R_{wp} = \left\{ \frac{\sum_i w_i [I_{расч}(2\theta_i) - I_{эксп}(2\theta_i)]^2}{\sum_i w_i [I_{эксп}(2\theta_i)]^2} \right\}^{1/2}, R_p = \frac{\sum_i w_i |I_{расч}(2\theta_i) - I_{эксп}(2\theta_i)|}{\sum_i w_i |I_{эксп}(2\theta_i)|} \quad (1)$$

w_i -
 I_{эксп}(2θ) -

I_{расч}(2θ) -

$$R_{wp} = 17.43 \% \quad R_p = 12,39 \%$$



2. : a –
 (1 – ; 2 –
 ; 3 –) ;
 б – (4 – AlCaO (); 5 –
 AlCaO (); 6 – Al₂O₃)

2. Результаты рентгеноструктурных исследований

2

COD [23].

()

4.

Таблица 4. Структурно-фазовый состав и параметры элементарных ячеек соединений

		, %	, %	, b, (), β°		
1	AlCaO	18,31	0,32	a = 1,191956 β = 98,61	.	$\bar{1}43d$
2	AlCaO	29,61	0,18	a = 0,527326 b = 1,447906 c = 0,539202	.	Ima2
3	Al ₂ O ₃	16,7	95,70	a = 1,180490 b = 0,2890186 c = 0,562100 β = 102,22	.	C2/m
4	Fe ₃ O ₄	10,92	3,79	= 0,526350 b = 0,315316 = 0,306283 β = 124,36	.	C2/m

Al₂O₃.

4

CaO. AlCaO : AlCaO Al₂O₃, Fe₃O₄,
) (18,3 29,6 %).

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Analysis of structural-phase state of monoaluminate calcium

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Key words

the crystal structure; lattice parameters; the amorphous phase; the simulation of the amorphous phase

Abstract

Calcium aluminates have a decisive influence on the hydraulic activity of cement, in this regard, detailed study of them is an urgent task. The aim of this study is to determine the phase composition and detailed analysis of the structural-phase state of monoaluminate calcium by X-ray analysis.

To research monoaluminate calcium powder diffractometer DRON4-07 was used, it has been modified to a digital signal processing. Shooting was performed on the copper radiation (K α) scheme Bragg – Brentano 0,020 increments and the exposure time at 1 sec, the angular range 6–82 $^\circ$.

The paper shows that the main phase in the mineral calcium is monoaluminate compound Al₂O₃. Also the following structural-phase states are identified: a structural motif AlCaO and connections Al₂O₃, Fe₃O₄, CaO. AlCaO structural motif is found in the form of two modifications (cubic and orthorhombic) with a high proportion of their total intensities (18.3 and 29.6 %, respectively). Also in the testing mineral the contribution in integrated intensity was found. The range of contribution was from crystalline and amorphous structures, in addition background radiation was also found. Reservation of short-range order in the arrangement of atoms is a specific feature of amorphous structures.

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